

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1888.

NUMBER 294.



## THE DISMISSAL.

A Diversity of Opinion Seems to Prevail Concerning It.

STRAIGHT-OUT DEMOCRATS LOUD IN THEIR PRAISES

Of the President and Secretary, While the Republicans Grow Eloquent Over What They Term an Unnecessary Insult to Great Britain—Dissatisfaction in England—Comments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The action of the president in dismissing British Minister West, has revived the excitement incident to the Murchison letter with which that gentleman was caught. The dismissal is variously commented upon according to the politics of the person speaking.

Straight out Democrats command and praise the president and Secretary Bayard in giving West his walking papers, while Republicans are eloquent upon the unnecessary insult offered to England in abruptly giving the minister his congé. There are some Democrats who share this feeling, declaring it was a needless exaggeration of a trivial matter, which might have better and with proper dignity, been left to the British government to deal with at its ponderous leisure.

Ardent Democrats, however, claim that England was too slow, and did not recognize the political exigencies of the case here; that delay only increased the discussion of the case and multiplied its difficulties, whereas the prompt action of Secretary Bayard has closed the case and made it a thing of the past by preventing, in large measure, the dangerous discussion that was going on regarding the relations of the two countries.

The main denunciations are of the brutal letter written by Secretary Bayard to Mr. West, but Mr. Bayard emphatically denies that the published letter is anything like the one he sent to the British minister. He says, however, that no further official communication will be held with Lord Sackville, nor will he be countenanced in any manner as a public functionary.

Lord Sackville was seen Wednesday but refused to talk. It is claimed that he will not at once leave this country. His retirement from his official position in this country does not, of course, retire him from the diplomatic service of his country. What his position will be at home will depend chiefly upon his influence there and the disposition of the British toward this government.

He has been for forty three years in the diplomatic service of his country, and may be retired, but such retirement would, in effect, be his disgrace. If the British government determines to sustain him, he will receive an appointment of equal rank to the one he retires from. He might be promoted to a higher mission. This would be regarded as intended to rebuke the action of this country.

Now that Lord Sackville is by the action taken by the government of the United States Wednesday no longer minister to this country, the first secretary of the British legation naturally becomes the official representative of the government of Great Britain. Mr. Edwards, the first secretary, is absent, however, and will not return for some time, so that Mr. Michael Herbert, who was recently made second secretary, is now acting minister. Mr. Herbert recently arrived here from Europe and is to be married to a lady of New York, who will thus become the mistress of the British legation for a time.

Various opinions are also expressed on the suggestion of Secretary Bayard to prosecute the writer of the Murchison letter, if he can be found, for violation of an old statute imposing a fine of \$5,000 and imprisonment for not less than six months or more than three years on any one found guilty of holding communication directly or indirectly with any foreign government or agent thereof in relation to any dispute or controversy with the United States.

Diplomats generally express sympathy for Lord Sackville in being made the innocent victim of both political parties.

The Opinion of English Politicians.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—In spite of the fact that most of the newspapers and a large majority of the politicians in and out of office, agree that President Cleveland's action in giving Lord Sackville his congé, was not only perfectly proper, but indeed the only thing he could do in the circumstances, the affair has caused a general murmur of dissatisfaction with the manner in which the minister was dismissed, the mutterings proceeding chiefly from a desire to conceal the universal feeling of chagrin. Nor are the growls altogether directed toward the American government.

While it is freely charged that Mr. Cleveland has exercised his official prerogative in his own personal interest, with a view of making party capital, and influencing his re-election, a considerable proportion of the press and the people are disposed to lay the blame for England's humiliation at the door of Lord Salisbury. It is claimed that while the effect of Lord Sackville's indiscreet conduct made it appear that the British minister's departure from Washington in consequence was inevitable, the premier should have recalled him at once, in order that the spectacle of the peremptory dismissal of a British representative by the government to which he was accredited might be averted.

That Lord Salisbury was perfectly well aware from the outset that Lord Sackville could no longer remain in Washington as the representative of Great Britain there can be no doubt whatever, and the opinion is openly expressed that he purposely exposed the unfortunate minister to the humiliation which has been visited upon him in order that a popular feeling of indignation might be aroused against the American government by the nation, he knew the Washington authorities must take in the event of his neglect to promptly perform his duty.

The course taken by the American senate in the matter of the Canadian fisheries treaty and later that of the President in his retaliation message is still fresh in the minds of the premier and his colleagues and it is not

unlikely that the foregoing opinion is based upon something more than mere surmise. English popular indignation against a country 5,000 miles away is not such a terrible thing after all, but in the absence of any more potent means of retaliation it was possibly thought well to manufacture and use it.

The most disappointing part of the affair is, however, the fact that the quantity of popular indignation produced is exceedingly small and most of it is directed against those who could, if they would, have spared England her present humiliation.

More English Comments.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Post has a leading editorial on the Sackville incident, in which it says: "We find the head of the republic driven to offer an affront to a British minister, and through him to the friendly country which we represent. To Englishmen the incident is of little importance. This country has nothing to hope or to fear from the United States, and it is a matter of small interest to us whether the Democrats or Republicans win in the coming presidential election."

The Standard follows up its leader of Wednesday by saying: "It might be proper to show our sense of wounded dignity by tendering Mr. Phelps his passports. The president is not satisfied to renounce diplomatic intercourse, but must needs strip the British minister of all title to the functions for which he is accredited. He degraded our ambassador before ordering him to leave the country. Lord Sackville is not allowed the ordinary hospitality of American soil. He is told to go at once. If war had been declared between the two nations the state department could have done nothing more obviously unfriendly. As a mere matter of etiquette the course pursued at Washington will not redound to the credit of American manners, but that which concerns Americans. For Englishmen it is quite enough to feel that their ambassador is being hustled out of the United States in a most contumelious fashion."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "If Secretary Bayard's rebuke of Lord Sackville fails to convince Irish voters that President Cleveland can be relied upon to check John Bull as much as any other man, we do not see what there is left for him to do short of placing Lord Sackville under arrest, and escorting him to the frontier. How silly it all is! How much the Americans will despise themselves for it when the election fever is over!"

The St. James Gazette says: "The English should treat Secretary Bayard's insolence with contempt. We are not, however, exactly prepared to send tranchards to Long Island because Secretary Bayard has been outrageously offensive. Respectable Americans are nearly as much disgusted over the event as Englishmen."

The Globe says: "The unctuous anouncement might create very strained relations between the two countries. Fortunately its true character is recognized on both sides. Lord Sackville has been subjected to unmannly treatment by both Mr. Bayard and President Cleveland."

The Press association announces that Lord Sackville comes to England immediately or a leave of absence; that he has important business to attend in connection with his succession to the Sackville estates, and that he will not return to Washington.

Considered Ended.

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NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The Herald has compiled the opinions of editors all over the country, as to how they regard the dismissal of Lord Sackville, and sums up as follows:

Approving the dismissal, or; disapproving 32; undecided, 11.

Sir John Macdonald's Opinion.

MONTRAL, Nov. 2.—Sir John Macdonald expresses the opinion that the British government will follow its usual rule of promotion and name Secretary Edwards as Lord Sackville's successor at Washington.

A NEW EXPLOSIVE.

More Powerful Than Dynamite and Less Dangerous to Handle.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Nov. 2.—Rudolph Ericsson, a young Swede employed in the druggists here, has been experimenting with a new explosive claimed to be more powerful and safer to handle than dynamite. It was discovered by Rudolph's uncle, a chemist with whom he worked before coming to this country. Experiments prove that the explosive cannot be exploded in open air, either by heating, concussion or detonation.

When firmly tampered into a hole in rock and fired by fuse, it is claimed nine ounces of the new explosive did the work of two pounds of gunpowder or one pound of dynamite. The manufacture of the explosive will be commenced in New Britain at once. The street commissioners of Hartford have decided to use it in the city quarries. The French government is said to have paid one million francs for the right to use it.

Miners Forming a New Organization.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 2.—The report having reached General Master Workman Powderly that the miners belonging to the Knights of Labor and the Federation of Miners and Mine laborers have in contemplation the formation of a new and distinct organization at the joint convention to be held at Columbus, O., early in December, he has written a letter to the miners' assemblies throughout the country advising them to discuss the question at their earliest meetings and notify him in time for the annual meeting of the general assembly. There are about seventy-five thousand miners in the two organizations referred to, fully two-thirds of them being members of the Knights of Labor.

Miners Collide.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The schooner Mary, of Belfast, Me., Capt. Snow, from Roundout,

was in collision with the fishing schooner James Costa, of Boston. The Costa struck the Mary head on cutting her through, and the crew barely escaped in the boats before the vessel sank. The Costa was slightly damaged and has returned here for repairs.

A Banker Absconded.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—L. Berman, sole partner of L. Berman & Company, Russian-American bank and exchange, 15 Orchard street, is missing and the bank closed. The depositors in the bank are mostly Polish Jews and the amount that Berman is supposed to have absconded with is about \$10,000.

Preparing for the Next Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Mr. Randall, chairman of the house appropriations committee, has directed that a call be issued for a special meeting of the committee on Wednesday, November 21, for the purpose of beginning the work of the appropriation bills for the next session of congress.

Fell From a Window.

LEBANON, Ind., Nov. 2.—Reese Garrett, ex-recorder of Boone county, fell from the second-story window of a building here last night and fractured one of his lower limbs in two places. It is doubtful if he can recover.

## KIDD'S TREASURE.

One of the Famous Pirate's Defendants Unearths a Kettle

CONTAINING 1,550 DOUBLOONS, WORTH NEARLY \$25,000.

The Find Made on a Farm Near Westport, Massachusetts, Once Owned By One of Captain Kidd's Pirates—\$100,000 More Said to Be Buried There—A Kettle Holding \$2,000 Dug Up in Kentucky.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 2.—For some generations a large farm on Horse Neck, West Port, has been in the hands of the Eddy family. Three generations back it was owned by Amasa Eddy, who was a pirate under Capt. Kidd. When Kidd came to his untimely end, Eddy returned to the farm and gained a good reputation. He placed 1,550 Spanish coins in a kettle and buried it on the farm. Eddy died at the age of ninety-four and left a document drawn up in the traditional buried treasure style, for the use of his descendants when they desired a little ready cash.

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## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSE & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

FRIDAY EVE., NOV. 2, 1888.

The Republicans are on the run. Keep 'em a goin'.

CLEVELAND has got the best of the Republicans at every turn. They have dug pit after pit for him, only to tumble in themselves.

Don't fail to put in a vote for Paynter next Tuesday. Every Democrat should be on hand early in the day.

No wonder Republicans hate Cleveland. Their shrewdest men are no match for him, and he has balked them at every scheme they have attempted.

MY LORD SACKVILLE has been shown the door, and President Cleveland has put another feather in his cap by the patriotic manner in which he has disposed of the matter.

Reports from the district are encouraging, and all that is necessary to insure a victory for Paynter next Tuesday is for the Democrats of Mason to do their duty. Let every fellow vote. And vote early.

SAYS the Dover News: "A vote for Burchett is a vote to increase taxation. A vote for Paynter is a vote to reduce taxation. The laboring man who votes for the Republican candidate votes directly against his own interests."

"ETERNAL vigilance is the price of liberty." Mr. Paynter, Democratic nominee for Congress, believes this, and has sent out a large number of circular letters to the Democrats of Mason County urging them to see that the full vote of the party is polled next Tuesday.

SAYS the Carlisle Mercury: "Some of our exchanges are publishing an affidavit about Major Burchett charging the Marshal of Louisa one-half of the receipts of his office for going on his bond. We don't care anything about that. We are going to vote against him in Nicholas because he is in favor of high taxes. He can rob his town Marshal if he likes, but he can't get his clammers on us."

**American Versus European Wages.**  
The average American workman performs from one and once-half to twice as much work as the average European workman.—[Wm. M. Evarts, report as Secretary of State in the Hayes Administration, May 17, 1879.]

Undoubtedly the inequalities in the wages of English and American operatives are more than equalized by the greater efficiency of the latter and their LONGER HOURS OF LABOR.—[James G. Blaine, report as Secretary of State in the Garfield administration, June 25, 1881.]

**Parnell's Mother.**  
Standing in a beating rain, last Saturday, the aged mother of Charles Stuart Parnell grasped Grover Cleveland's hand and said: "Mr. President, as I appear to be the oldest Democrat present, I thought I ought to come over here." This is the daughter of the man who covered the American navy with glory, and in the old Constellation took two French ships with almost double his ship's metal; afterward, in the old Constitution, fought a two-decker all day from sun to sun, and next day took a forty-four, and hoisted the stars and stripes above the Union Jack. Does anybody suppose that Old Ironsides' daughter would give her hand to a British candidate? Not a bit of it. Does anybody think that Mrs. Parnell would not know a British candidate if she should meet him in the big road? Here was a spectacle for every Irishman to study. The old lady knows a Democrat and an anti-Britisher when she sees him.—Courier-Journal.

**A PENNSYLVANIA STAMPEDE.**

Seven Hundred Republican Miners Flop to Cleveland—Colored Revolt.

READING, Pa., Oct. 25.—William H. Still, an influential colored man of this city and Treasurer of the Pennsylvania Colored Democratic League, has the names of 12 colored men of this city who will vote the Democratic ticket this fall. In other years the 150 colored voters in Reading were solidly Republican. There is a regular revolt among the iron ore miners in the iron ore district along the East Pennsylvania Railroad between this city and Allentown. The miners number about 700, and because they are employed in a protected industry, nearly all formerly voted the Republican ticket. Milford Ritter, Chairman of the Berks County Democratic Committee, to-day completed a canvass of this district with the astonishing result that hardly one of the 700 iron ore miners will vote for Harrison and Morton. Republicans, themselves, admit this. These miners are compelled to work at 80 and 80 cents a day and have to support large families.

## A TOAST.

Come fill up your glasses, fellows,  
And set them in a row,  
We'll drink to the election  
Of gallant Tom Paynter, O.  
Here's health to Grover Cleveland,  
God bless the brave hero!  
He's an honor to his country,  
A terror to the foe.

In this wine or this water  
The libation we would pour  
Should be peace to all forever  
And to Grover four years more.

## MASON AND BRACKEN.

A Great Meeting of the Democracy at Germantown Last Night.

The Democrats of Germantown covered themselves with laurels last night. Their torch-light procession and speaking was a grand success.

The parade was participated in by over 1,000 men, of whom 500 carried torches. In addition there were ladies and children present by the hundreds.

The citizens had their homes beautifully illuminated and colored fires were burned along the route of the procession. The speaking took place in the seminary lot, where a grand stand had been erected for the occasion, and seats arranged for five hundred people.

Ex-Congressman John B. Clarke, of Brooksville, Judge Wall and Messrs. L. W. Galbraith and C. B. Poyntz delivered telling speeches on the issues of the campaign. Master Porter Cooper, aged twelve years, caught the crowd by an able recitation on the subject of the tariff. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

The Bracken Democracy say their country is good for 800 majority for Paynter.

The Sardis Cornet Band and the Bracken Band enlivened the meeting with choice music, and all went home happy.

## How's the Hoosier State?

Dr. Henry Marsh, formerly of this city, in a letter from Muncie, Ind., says: "As for Indiana, we are all satisfied over here that she's all right. I had a letter this morning from our own Governor, Isaac P. Gray, in which he says we are all right if every Democrat will stick to his post until the last day in the evening, and as this is our sticking year we will be found there when the g. o. p. gurgles after last gurgle. When the frost is on the pumpkin and the fiddler's in the shock, we will see the grand old party go down kirkillypippin kerlop."

The melancholy days have come  
The sadness of the year,  
When grandpapa's grandson  
Will drop—a briny tear.

He'll wake up on November seventh  
When all is bright and clear,  
He'll look about with anxious gaze  
And then he'll drop—a tear.

He'll open his eyes with 'stonishment  
And say, 'what's all this I hear?'  
Then he'll settle down in discontent  
And silently drop—a tear.'

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INDICATIONS—"Fair, stationary temperature, followed to-night by colder weather."

NEW molasses and buckwheat—Calhoun's.

JUDGE THOMAS speaks at Augusta to-night.

FLEMING Circuit Court convenes November 19th.

PERRY STATION, of Minerva, died Tuesday, aged 74.

JOHN DULEY, agent, insures tobacco in old reliable companies. dtf

REGULAR meeting of Limestone Lodge No. 36, K. of P., to-night.

W. H. FANSLER, of this city, has been granted an increase of pension.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO. are offering big bargains in all lines of dry goods.

W. H. MARKLEY of Foster, Bracken County, has got an increase of pension.

"Skipped by the Light of the Moon" will be at the opera house November 26.

FIRE and tornado policies issued by John Duley, agent, in old reliable companies.

The new M. E. Church at Mt. Olivet will be dedicated next Sunday. It cost \$3,000.

BARGAINS in clocks, hanging lamps, silver knives and forks and spoons, at the Gem China Store. dtf

THERE will be passenger trains running on the M. & B. S. Railroad by the 10th of this month.

OUR genial Republican friend Mr. Geo. W. Dye, of Sardis, gives it up. He thinks Cleveland will win.

The work of widening the pavement near the old gas works on West Second street is nearing completion.

THE Adam's Express office will soon be removed from its present quarters to the Zweigart Block, corner Second and Sutton.

MR. C. A. BRADBURY and Miss Frankie Graybill, of Minerva, were married yesterday at the European Hotel by Judge W. P. Coons.

REV. ASHON BOREING, Presiding Elder, will hold quarterly meeting in the M. E. Church at Sardis to-morrow evening and Sunday night.

REV. GEORGE W. YOUNG, Prohibition nominee for Congress, speaks at the court house to-night. He is said to be a sort of a Sam Jones talker.

MESSES. JAMES W. FITZGERALD, THOS. James and E. H. Martin were at Lexington yesterday to witness the big stallion trot for a purse of \$3,000.

JUDGE DEMING, a prominent Republican of Mt. Olivet, was here Tuesday. He thinks Paynter will carry Robertson by from 200 to 250 majority.

MR. FRANK L. STEWART and Miss Mary Ross, both of this city, were married last evening by Rev. R. B. Garrett, at the latter's residence on Front street.

SPECIAL attention is called to the beautiful line of goods which Hopper & Murphy, the jewelers, are now showing. Call and see their new goods. No trouble to show them. dtf

THE center span of Huntington's new bridge at Cincinnati has been swung and the false work is being removed. The Ohio span, which is the last, will be finished before Christmas.

MISS JANE STULL, living near Owingsville, Bath County, died this week on the day on which she was to have become a bride. At her own request she was buried in her wedding robes.

THE supper given Wednesday in the McGranahan building, corner of Third and Market, by the ladies of the M. E. Church, was a gratifying success. The receipts amounted to about \$45.

A HIGHWAYMAN attempted to rob Mr. John W. Osborne, of the Dover neighborhood, while returning home from this city the other night. The attack was made near Tuckahoe, but the fellow didn't succeed in stopping Mr. Osborne's horse. He received a good pounding with a buggy-whip, at Mr. Osborne's hands.

UNTIL the year 1770 this law was in force in England: "Whosoever shall entice into bonds of matrimony any male subject of her majesty's by means of rouge, white paint, Spanish cotton, steel corsets, crinoline, high heeled shoes, or false hips, shall be prosecuted for witchcraft, and the marriage declared null and void."—Exchange.

## MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

### Regular Meeting of the City Council. A Short and Uneventful Session.

### Monthly Reports Filed, Claims and Accounts Allowed and Other Business Transacted.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening. Mr. Poynz was absent and Mr. Cox was unanimously chosen chairman pro tem.

The monthly reports of the various officials were presented and approved. Following is a summary of these reports:

Mayor's report—Fines assessed, \$207.01, all of which had been secured except \$10, of which \$5 had escaped.

Marshal's report—Fines collected \$123.01; old bonds collected, \$18; total, \$143.01.

Wharfmaster's report—Total wharfage, \$192.67; commission, \$19.26; net wharfage, \$173.41.

Treasurer's report—General fund: Cash on hand October 1st, \$5,816.07; receipts, \$311.88; expenditures, \$3,424.28; balance on hand, \$2,702.57. White school fund: On hand October 1st, \$70.48; receipts, \$942; expenditures, \$840; balance, \$172.48. Colored school fund: On hand October 1st, \$122.77; receipts, \$33; expenditures, \$140; balance, \$15.77.

Following claims and accounts were allowed and ordered paid:

#### ALMS AND ALMS HOUSE.

Mrs. Jacob Miller, boarding four persons four weeks, \$40.00  
George W. Smith, repairs, etc., 13 40  
George Cox & Son, dry goods, 29 60  
C. M. Phister, passage for paupers, 2 00  
Mayville Water Co., rent, Apr. 1, 1899, 15 00  
B. P. McClanahan, groceries, 9 50  
L. Hill, groceries, 2 00  
Pepper & Son, groceries, 1 50  
St. Elizabeth's Hospital, board, 26 00  
Q. A. Means, burying six paupers, 49 00  
Ficklin Bros., passage one pauper, 1 50

Total, \$189 00

#### STATION HOUSE.

James Heflin, feeding prisoners, \$5 52 80  
C. H. Nicholson, work, 8 50  
Mayville Water Co., rent, 15 00

Total, \$76 30

#### INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

James Hasson and others, work, \$112 93  
Collins, G. C. lumber, 48 24  
Jack Wadsworth, ro. & c., 49 24  
J. Combs, rock, 45 97

Ab. Brooks, rock, 1 00

John Lewis, breaking rock, 1 00

Tim Cukimino, breaking rock, 2 50

G. W. Gelsel, (order), 2 50

Wm. Duty, breaking rock, 4 30

M. Hennigan, breaking rock, 6 15

John Paul, breaking rock, 7 33

Graney & Ianey, breaking rock, 7 62

Jas. Fitzsimmons, breaking rock, 1 50

Wm. Duley, breaking rock, 3 83

Sam Smith, laying gutter, &c., 2 25

Cox Bros., gutter stone, 18 42

C. Rudy, work, 2 20

Henry Shiz, breaking rock, 13 72

Total, \$718 26

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Citizens' Gas Light Co., gas, \$271 47  
S. H. Oldham, work, 4 42  
G. W. Oldham, printing, 15 00

Total, \$290 89

#### Grand total.

\$1,274 45

#### A claim of the Citizens' Gas Co. for \$52.91 was referred to Committee on Gas.

Mrs. Case was granted permission to erect a stable, and Mrs. Eliza F. Beasley was given privilege of putting up a frame kitchen on her lot on Sutton street.

The petition of F. B. Miller and others for an appropriation of \$50 to aid in putting a new bridge across "Goose Creek," Fifth ward, was referred to Committee on Internal Improvements, with power to act.

The petition of C. S. Leach, M. E. McKellup, Harry Taylor, Thomas A. Davis and several others, to have a fine of \$6.50 against George Sullivan remitted was referred to Committee on Police.

An ordinance to regulate the running of trains through this city was introduced and went over till next meeting for further action.

Mr. Wadsworth gave notice he would introduce at next meeting an ordinance regulating the police force.

Committee on Fire Department was directed to see that the fire engines are kept in working order and the public cistern filled, for use in case the supply of water from the reservoir was accidentally shut off at any time.

Marshal Heflin said he was directed by Mayor Pearce to ask council to authorize the appointment of not to exceed fifteen special police for service on election day. Mr. Wadsworth wanted to know whether the Mayor or the Committee on Police would make the appointments.

When told it was the Mayor's duty under the charter to make such appointments, he was opposed to granting the authority.

He didn't want a Democratic Mayor to name the officers. Marshal Heflin said the Mayor had given assurances that he would at once discharge any and all such special police if they attempted to interfere in any way with the election, but that didn't satisfy Mr.

Wadsworth, and the matter was dropped.

#### To Speak at Sardis.

County Attorney Newell and Mr. C. B. Poynz will address the Jackson Club of Democrats at Sardis to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to be on hand.

### Masonic Notice.

Called meeting of Mason Lodge No. 342, F. and A. M., this evening at 7 o'clock, when the Third Degree will be conferred. All Master Masons invited. JAMES H. SALLEE, M. W.

### An Elegant Substitute.

For oils, salts, pills and all kinds of bitter, nauseous medicines, is the very agreeable liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Recommended by leading physicians. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company. For sale in 50 cents and \$1 bottles.

### Baron Wilkes Wins.

The great stallion trot at Lexington yesterday was won by Baron Wilkes in straight heats—time 2:20, 2:18, 2:18—defeating Hinder Wilkes and Bermuda. The winner is owned by Colonel R. G. Stoner, of Paris. He has refused \$50,000 for this crack trotter.

### That Joint Discussion.

Don't fail to be on hand at the joint discussion to-morrow afternoon at the court house by Judge Savage and Mr. Davis. The speaking will commence at 1:30 o'clock. Our friends from the country should come in. The ladies are specially invited to be present.

### County Court.

An inventory &c., of the personal estate of Alfred McAtee, deceased, was ordered recorded.

Adam Wohleber, a native of Germany, declared his intention to become a citizen of this country, and renounced his allegiance to all foreign powers.

### Rev. Geo. W. Young.

Rev. Geo. W. Young, Prohibition nominee for Congress, will speak at the court house to-night. He invites the people, irrespective of parties, to hear him. A special invitation is extended to the ladies. Mr. Young has the reputation of being an able and entertaining speaker.

### Arm Broken.

Mr. Will Shackelord met with a painful and serious accident this morning about half past six o'clock. He had gone to the depot with a friend and concluded to ride up town. In jumping from the train as it was passing Cooper's warehouse he was thrown violently to the ground, dislocating the elbow of his right arm and also fracturing the bones.

### Hendrick at the Court House.

The only opportunity the people of this city will have to hear that brilliant young orator, Hon. W. J. Hendrick, in the present campaign will be Saturday night. He will speak at the court house on this occasion, and the simple announcement of this fact ought to insure a big crowd. All are cordially invited. Mr. Charles B. Poynz, of this city, will also address the meeting.

### C. L. and S. C.

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will meet next Tuesday evening with Elder W. S. Priest:

#### PROGRAMME.

Roll call—Quotations from Bryant's Illiad. Table Talk—Chinese Question. Lesson.

Reading—Miss Hettie Gano.

Music—Mrs. Samuel Wadsworth.

Reading—Miss Lizzie Moores.

Character sketch—Socrates—Miss Addie Campbell.

Music—Miss Lizzie Power.

Review Drill—Greek Mythology.

### Gretta Green Links.

'Squire Beasley, of Aberdeen, married the following couples between October 9th and November 1st:

Henry King and Hattie Gardner, of Fleming County.

George McCarter and Lucinda Saunders, of Fleming County.

G. W. Adams and Susan Bruce, of Greenup County.

Charles Piles and Eliza F. Carey, of Mason County.

Turner Anderson and Lillie Day, of Bath County.

Samuel Snedaker and Callie Horstman, of Bath County.

Dillard C. Haigard and Tona M. Twynan, of Clark County.

Robert Whitten and Bettle Gray, of Bath County.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made to run a telegraph wire in the Central Hotel, where the election returns will be read from the balcony for the benefit of the public.

Since hearing Major Burchett at Harrison and Morton Club headquarters we are more convinced than ever that Mr. Paynter is the man the people of this district ought to send to Congress. Burchett is not his peer by a long ways. Vote for Paynter, who favors a reduction of the tariff.

The free Tontine return premium policy with return of all premiums with face of policy if death occurs within the Tontine period originated with the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York. There is no restriction after one year as to travel or occupation. Incontestable after two years, for any cause. Non-forfeiting after three annual payments. For further particulars call on Jas. F. Broderick, agent Equitable Life, N. Y. ff

## ABERDEEN.

Mrs. O. H. P. Thomas is quite an acquisition to Aberdeen society.

Mrs. Wheeler has forsaken Aberdeen, and moved to Maysville.

Mrs. Tom Simons has moved to the Triplett mansion, East Maysville.

Mrs. Sudie McDaniel is visiting relatives in Covington and Cincinnati.

Mrs. Will Campbell has a very neat cozy home on the Aberdeen pike.

## PARNELL'S CASE.

Captain O'Shea's Evidence Creates a Sensation.

SIR WILLIAM HARROD AND MR. GLADSTONE IMPLICATED.

It Was the Lawyer's Wish That Witness Should Be as Reluctant as Possible From Motives of Political Expediency. Narrow Escape of the Czar and Czarina. Foreign Notes.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Before the Parnell commission Wednesday, Attorney General Webster, for the Times, called Capt. O'Shea to the witness stand. He testified that he had been on good terms with Parnell until June 1886. Witness did not know Egan, nor did he have any knowledge of that man's doings in 1881. Witness said Parnell had frequent conferences with Gladstone and undertook to do his utmost to suppress boycotting.

Parnell declared that Boyton and Egan would be useful in putting down boycotting if they could be convinced of the wisdom of the new policy respecting the settlement of rents. Attorney General Webster here read a letter from Parnell from Killuminham jail, expressing Parnell's opinion that if the arrears of rent question were settled in his colonies would be able to suppress outrages.

O'Shea said further that the day after the Phoenix park murder Parnell showed him the anti-murder manifesto which it had been decided to issue. Witness warned him that Sheridan was a murderer and a convector of murders. Parnell asked that a month be given him to communicate with Sheridan.

Seven letters written about this time were shown witness, who declared the signatures to be Parnell's.

On the cross-examination by Sir Charles Russell, O'Shea was asked if he had ever threatened Parnell. "Once I turned him out of my rooms in Dublin," he replied, "I told him to get out and I did not want to see him again." O'Shea said he had been anxious to clear himself of the slanders circulated by Parnell.

Recurring to the Kilmainham jail treaty negotiation, witness said the chief conditions of the negotiations were that the league should be broken up if the Irish landlords would reduce their rents and receive compensation from the exchequer. Many of the memoranda which he had made were destroyed in 1888, when there was danger of a select committee of parliament being appointed to inquire into the Kilmainham treaty, and it was intimated to him that the utmost reticence ought to be observed on the subject.

Sir Charles Russell—Intimated by whom?

Witness—By Sir William Vernon Harcourt, who said it was the opinion of another person—namely, Mr. Gladstone.

This statement caused a sensation in the court, and Justice Hatten asked that everybody abstain from manifesting his feelings during the proceedings.

Sir Charles Russell—Was it you, then, who destroyed the memoranda?

Witness—Yes. Certain memoranda which were in another box, and which included some of Mr. Chamberlain's letters, escaped destruction. It was Mr. Gladstone's wish that I should be as reticent as possible from motives of political expediency.

King George's Twenty-Fifth.

ATHENS, Nov. 2.—The festivities Wednesday in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of King George's accession to the throne were carried out on a grand scale. The weather was splendid. The buildings of the city were prettily decorated and the streets were thronged with visitors. The native population was dressed in picturesque costumes.

The Czar's Danger.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 2.—The official report of the accident to the czar's train states that the carriage in which the czar and czarina were traveling was crushed in at the roof, and the occupants barely escaped with their lives. It is further stated that only one person of the entire train was seriously injured.

Cardinal Newman III.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Cardinal Newman's illness proves to be very serious. Owing to weakness the cardinal fell and struck his head against the wall of his room. Much anxiety is felt in regard to the prelate.

Revision Favored.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—The parliamentary committee, appointed to consider the question of a revision of the constitution, has decided in favor of a revision by a vote of 6 to 1.

Foreign Notes.

The parliamentary committee has decided in favor of the revision of the French constitution.

The pope will shortly recall Monsignor Rotelli, papal nuncio, Paris, and create him a cardinal.

Spencer Bulkeley Wynn, Baron Newborough, is dead. Lord Newborough was born in 1804.

At the meeting Wednesday of the Gaelic association, of Limerick, all the officers elected were Fenians.

It is believed in most of the European capitals that the accident to the czar's train was the result of a Nihilist plot.

Advices from Suakin say that the rebels attacked the town, burning and shelling the fort. They were repulsed by heavy fire from the ships and land.

The king of Denmark, has bestowed upon M. DeGiers, Russian minister of foreign affairs, the Order of the Elephant, the highest of the Danish orders.

Emperor William laid the foundation stone of the new law court at Leipzig Wednesday. He was presented with an address and was enthusiastically greeted.

Fire broke out Wednesday in the Quirinal at Rome, but did little damage. The pontifical escutcheon on the palace was burned. It will be replaced with the National arms.

A telegram from Port au Prince announces the capture of the British schooner Alta by the Haytian man-of-war Toussaint l'Ouverture. The cargo consisted of ammunition.

Grant Models.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The Grant monument association through the executive committee has authorized the extension of the time for reviving models and plans for the proposed National memorial to Gen. Grant from November 1, 1888, to January 2, 1889.

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Ross Canfield, carpenter, fell from a building at Sparta, Ind., and was killed.

Jacksonville had twenty-nine new cases of yellow fever and one death Wednesday.

Harbine's flour mills and distillery burned at Harbine's station, O. Loss, \$15,000.

Benjamin F. Douglass, a pioneer of Frankford, Ind., aged seventy, dropped dead of heart disease.

A boy named Bolde was accidentally killed by a marksman at the Highwood rifle range, near Chicago.

At Kokomo, Ind., Thurman Dudley, Democrat, murdered Abner Miller, Republican, and thereby got himself in jail.

James Stewart, intoxicated Athenian, sassed his sister-in-law, Ella Burley, and the maid of Athens shot him fatally.

Jesse Brundage, aged twelve years, was caught in the helting of a steam gin at Greenville, Ala., and whirled to death.

John Kohio, of Peru, Ind., hired a bay horse and a Dexter buggy to strengthen the other day, and hasn't seen them since. He is growing anxious.

Ed. Kennedy, colored, life prisoner, and George Thompson, burglar, retired from the Kentucky state penitentiary and omitted to leave their present address.

Joshua Walters, a travelling paper decorator, was arrested at Cannetton, W. Va., for a burglary committed at Mt. Sterling, Ky., a few weeks ago. He was sent to Kentucky.

William Dickman, Sandusky, O., awoke in his room at the Lakeview house to see his \$40 going through the transom, following in time to catch all of the thief and part of the money.

Rev. Adrien Derente, a Catholic clergy man, suicided at Dallas, Tex., by shooting himself with a pistol. His age was forty-five, and he was a native of France. Mental aberration.

J. H. Marshall section master on the Chesapeake & Ohio, at Gunney station, W. Va., while on a band car, was struck by a freight and seriously injured interocular, and it is thought he will die.

R. E. Lucas, Tiffin, O., agent for the New York Mutual, took a large risk in forgoing notes on his fellow-citizens. He has retired to Canada, where he will learn by lonesome experience that honesty is the best policy.

J. G. Bell, a well known mail contractor, of Montgomery county, Arkansas, is missing. He was last heard from in Hot Springs about a month ago. He has large mail contracts, but is thought to be all right financially. His friends fear foul play.

The funeral of Judge McAllister, which took place at Ravenswood, a suburb of Chicago, Wednesday, was the most imposing demonstration of the kind ever witnessed in that city. He had been on the bench twenty consecutive years, as judge of the circuit, appellate and supreme court.

Jack Slattery, of Williamsburg, and Bart. Manly, of Greenpoint, two light weights, fought forty-four rounds. The fighting was pretty even throughout. At the end of the forty-fourth round the men were so weak that they were unable to do effective work and the referee called the fight a draw.

A new comet has been discovered by Professor Barnard, at Lick observatory. It is in right ascension 9 hours, 45 minutes, 22 seconds; declination south 15 degrees, 19 seconds. It has a faint tail, with a slow motion, northeast. It is of the eleventh magnitude, being just visible through a four-inch telescope.

Tommy Flannigan, of Cincinnati, and Pete McCabe, of Albany, two light-weight pugilists fought ten rounds near New York city Wednesday night for a stake of \$500. The fight was a lively one throughout, both men being badly punished. McCabe was unable to respond when time was called for the eleventh round, and Flannigan was declared the victor. The fight lasted forty minutes.

Registered Packages Stolen.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 2.—A number of unopened registered packages were stolen from the postoffice Tuesday. All the clerks were decoyed from the building by a fire alarm. The amount of the loss cannot be given.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for November 1.

NEW YORK—Money 12½ per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady.

Currency sixes, 12½ bid; four coupons, 12½ bid; fours and a half, 10¾ bid.

The stock market opened very dull, but shortly after the opening the commission houses began buying the leaders, and by noon prices had advanced 4 to 1 per cent. The market has since been dull but firm.

Bull & Quinney...10 Michigan Cent...88½ Central Pacific...35½ Missouri Pacific...56½ C. C. & L...60½ N. Y. Central...10½ Del. & Hudson...11½ Del. & W. 138½ Ohio & Miss...23½ Illinois Central...11½ Pacific Mail...35½ Louisville & Nashville...10½ W. Western Union...8½

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—\$1 00/4 10.

CORN—New...\$2 00/4 10; old, 40/40½.

WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 17½/18½;

one-fourth blood combing, 22½/23½; medium

delaine and combing, 23½/24½; braids, 18½/19½;

medium combing, 20½/21½; fleece washed, fine

merino, X and XX, 25½/26½; medium clothing,

27½/28½; delaine fleece, 26½/27½.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$1 00 No. 2 \$1 00

prairie, \$1 00/4 10; wheat, oats and rye

50/50, \$1 00/4 10.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3 50/4

15; fair, \$2 00/4 25; stockers and feeders, \$1 50/20/25.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$3 00/4 40; fair to

good packing, \$1 00/4 15; fair to good light,

40; common, \$1 00/4 00.

SWINE—Common to fair, \$2 00/4 00; good

to choice, \$3 25/4 40.

LAMBS—\$3 25/4 40.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, \$3 25/4 50; shippers, \$3 55/

fair to good, \$1 00/4 25; common, \$2 00/4 50,

HOGS—Philadelphia, \$3 50/4 50; mixed,

\$3 00/4 50; Yorkers, \$3 50/4 50; common to

fair, \$2 00/4 00; stockers and stubblers, \$3 00/4

50; mixed, \$1 50/20/25.

SWINE—Prime, \$4 00/4 25; fair to good,

40; common, \$1 00/4 00.

LAMBS—\$3 25/4 50.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, \$1 25/4 50; mixed

packing, \$3 20/4 50; heavy to choice, \$3 50/4

60.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, \$1 25/4

25 mixed, \$1 25/4 00 stockers and feeders,

\$2 00/4 00.

SWINE—Common to choice, \$2 25/4 00.

LAMBS—\$3 25/4 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 1 18½/19½; No. 2

red winter, 1 14½/15½.

CORN—Mixed, 40/40½.

OATS—No. 1 white, 40c; No. 2 mixed

30c.

CATTLE—\$1 75/4 50 per 100 pounds

Greensburg, Pa., Nov. 2.—Amauda

Montgomery and Gus. Wineman, betrothed,

were run down by a freight train on the

Southwest railroad Wednesday night and

killed. The young couple were out for an

evening stroll, and in stepping off one track

to avoid a train, they were run down by the

other train coming in the opposite direction.

### UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!

OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for educational and charitable purposes, and its name is made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans.

We do not believe that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and we person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with our signatures attached, in its advertisement.

*John Beauregard  
J. T. Early*

Commissioners.